SYLLABI

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GUIDELINES FOR CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT FOR REGULAR STUDENTS OF POSTGRADUATE COURSES OF M-A-IN POLICE ADMINISTRATION SEMESTER SYSTEM (Effective from the First Year Admissions for the Academic Session 2007-2008)

1. The Syndicate has approved the following guidelines, mode of testing and evaluation including Continuous Internal Assessment of students:

(i) Terminal Evaluation : 80 %(ii) Continuous Assessment : 20 %

(iii) Continuous Assessment may include written assignment, snap tests, participation in discussions in the class, term papers, attendance etc.

(iv) In order to incorporate an element of Continuous Internal Assessment of students, the Colleges/Departments will conduct one written test as quantified below:

(a) Written Test : 25 (reduced to 5) (b) Snap Test : 25 (reduced to 5)

(c)

Outlines of tests syllabi and courses of reading for M-A-Police Administration for the Session 6-

M-A-I

Semester I

Paper I – Police Administration

Paper II – Theory of Public Administration

Paper III – Organization Behaviour and Police Administration

Paper IV –Police Procedures and Investigation Techniques

Semester II

The candidates have to select four out of the following options

Paper I – Correctional Administration

Paper II – Criminology and Police Administration

Paper III – Research Methodology

Paper IV - Sociology and Police Administration

Paper V – Police Psychology

M-A-II

Semester III

Paper I – Law and Police Administration – I

Paper II – Police Personnel Administration

Paper III – Forensic Science and Police Administration

Paper IV - Project Report

Semester IV

The candidates have to select four out of the following options

Paper I – Law and Police Administration – II

Paper II – Forensic Medicine and Police Administration

Paper III – International Law and Police Administration

Paper IV – Indian Political and Administrative Systems

Paper V – Private Security Management

Essential Readings

1. Bailey, David, H. : The Police and Political Development in India, Princeton University Press, New Jersey, 1969.

2. Gupta, Anandswarup: The Police in British India: 1861-1947, Bureau

of Police Research & Development, New Delhi, 2007.

3. Wilson. O.W and : Police Administration, McGraw Hill Book

MacLaren Roy Company, New York, 1972.

4. Sen, Shankar : Indian Police Today, Ashish Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1994.

5. Chaturvedi, J.C. : Police Administration and Investigation

of Crime, Isha Books, Delhi, 2006.

6. Dempsey, John S. & : An Introduction to Policing, Thomson-

Linda S. Forst Wadsworth, CA, 2005.

7. Sharma, K.K. : Law and Order Administration, National Book

Organization, New Delhi, 1985.

8. Srivastava, Aparna : Role of Police in a Changing Society, A.P.H.

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1999.

9. Ghosh, S.K. and : Encyclopaedia of Police in India, Volume I

Rustamji, K.F. Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.

10. Bharti, Dalbir : Police Evam Log: Donon ke Adhikar Va

Zimmedarian, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation,

New Delhi, 2007.

11. Dogra, R.S.D. : Nation Keepers: Central Reserve Police Force,

(C.R.P.F.), A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New

Delhi, 2004.

Further Readings

1. Gupta, Anandswarup: Crime and Police in India (Upto 1861), Bureau

of Police Research & Development, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Ghosh, S.K. : Keeping the Peace: For Whom the Bell Tolls

(Police Then and Now), Ashish Publishing House, New

Delhi, 1989.

3. Mayhall, Pamela D. et.al.: Police-Community Relations and the Administration of

Justice, Prentice-Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1995.

4. Vadackumchery, James: National Police Commission: Issues for Rethinking,

APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1998.

5. Padhi, N.K : Police and the Weaker Sections, A.P.H.

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2007.

6. Das, Dilip K. (ed.) : World Police Encyclopedia, Routledge, Taylor

and Francis Group, New York, 2006.

7. Saxena, Anil K. : Professionalism in Indian Police, A.P.H.

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1997.

8. Ruiz, Jim & : Handbook of Police Administration, CRC Press,

Hummer, Don Taylor & Francis Group, New York, 2008.

Paper II Theory of Public Administration

A Course Objectives

The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with the theories and principles of Public Administration. The participants are made to understand the accountability mechanisms in place for administration. Further, administrative reforms along with the recent trends in governance are also discussed in this course.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

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Essential Readings

1. Bhattacharya, Mohit : New Horizons of Public Administration,

Jawahar Publishers & Distributors, New

Delhi, 2003.

2. Henry, Nicholas : Public Administration and Public

Affairs, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited,

New Delhi, 2004.

3. Felix, A. Nigro and C. Nigro: Modern Public Administration, Harper

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus and to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks (10x2 = 20 marks).
- Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidates shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question from each unit i.e. four questions in all. Each question will carry 15 marks (4x15 = 60 marks).

D Course Content

Unit I

Organization Behaviour: Concept and Rationale.

Organisational Goals: Concept and Rationale with special reference to Police Administration. Management by Objectives: Concept and Process.

Team building: Concept and Types with special reference to Police Administration.

Unit II

Decision Making: Concept, Rationale and Rational-Comprehensive Theory with special reference to Police Administration.

Leadership: Concept, Rationale and Theories – Trait and Contingency with special reference to Police Administration.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus and to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks (10x2 = 20 marks).
- Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidates shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question from each unit i.e. four questions in all. Each question will carry 15 marks (4x15 = 60 marks).

D Course Content

Unit I

General Principles of Detection and Investigation including Qualities of a Good Investigation

Officer and a Good Interrogator. Preparation of Comprehensive First Information Report –

Various Essential Ingredients of a FIR. Procedure and Methods of Investigation: Inspection of

Scene of Crime, Collection of Physical Evidence, Consultation of Crime Records (Local,

District, State), Interrogation of Witnesses, Suspects and Accused Persons, Confession

Statements of Accused, Search and Seizure, Arrests, Test Identification Parade, Eefa1(i)1.4 591(e)-2.808951

Essential Readings

1. Adams, Thomas F. Police Field Operations, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1998. 2. Petraco, Nicholas & : Illustrated Guide to Crime Scene Investigation, Sherman, Hal C.R.C. Press, Taylor & Francis Group Boca Raton, London, 2006. 3. Williams, J.E. Hall The Role of the Prosecutor, Avebury, Gower Publishing Company, Ltd., England, 1988. 4. Carter, Robert E. Arson Investigation, Glencoe Publishing Co., California, 1978. 5. International Association: Criminal Investigation: Basic Procedures, of Chiefs of Police Bureau of Operations and Research, Maryland, USA, 1975. 6. Fuqua, Paul & Security Investigator's Handbook, Gulf Wilson, Jerry V. Publishing Company, London, 1979. 7. Vadackumchery, James: Professional Police Witness Interviewing, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1999. **Further Readings** 1. Singh, S.P. Combating Bio- terrorism with Special : Reference to Anthrax Bacteria, Reliance Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002. 2. Dutta, K.K. : Some Aspects of Criminal Law, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1998. 3. Ghosh, S.K. and Encyclopaedia of Police in India, Volume III : Rustamji, K.F. Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997. 4. Vadackumchery, James: Indian Police and Miscarriage of Justice, A.P.H.

5.

6.

Vadackumchery, James:

:

Sharma, R

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1997.

Human Rights and Bail, A.P.H. Publishing

A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1997.

Police, the Court and Injustice,

Corporation, New Delhi, 2002.

Semester II

Paper I Correctional Administration

A Course Objectives

The Prime objective of this course is to familiarize the students with the meaning, nature, scope and principles of Correctional Administration. In Correctional Administration, Prison Administration along with the alternative non-institutional methods of Probation and Parole are discussed elaborately.

Unit IV

Parole: Concept, Origin and Development.

Parole in India.

D Course Content

Unit I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Criminology. Significance of Criminology to Police Administration. Evolution of Criminology as a Social Science.

Unit II

Crime: Concept, Classification and Characteristics.

Causes and Forms of Crime.

Crime Statistics in India: Sources and Problems of Collection.

Unit III

Organized Crime: Concept, Characteristics and Types. White Collar Crime: Concept, Elements and Types.

10. Ghosh, S.K. and : Encyclopaedia of Police in India, Rustamji, K.F. Volume III, Ashish Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1997.

11. Gandhirajan, C.K. : Organised Crime, A.P.H. Publishing

Paper III Research Methodology

A Course Objectives

This course has been designed to make the students understand how to conduct research systematically. In specific the course aims to focus on identification of the research problem, review of literature, formulation and testing of hypothesis, preparation of research design, and methods of data collection. In addition, students are familiarized with various statistical techniques for data analysis and processing. Also, the students are imparted inputs on various steps involved in report writing.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus and to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks (10x2 = 20 marks).
- Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidates shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question from each unit i.e. four questions in all. Each question will carry 15 marks (4x15 = 60 marks).

D Course Content

Unit I

Unit III

Methods of Data Collection: Documents, Observation, Interview and Questionnaire. NP Data Processing: Editing, Coding and Tabulation;

Data Analysis: Role of Computers;

Report Writing.

Unit IV

Frequency, Distribution and Tabulation. Graphic Representation. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode, Dispersion. Linear and Rank Correlation. Introduction to tests and significance. Chi-square test.

Essential Readings

1. Young, Pauline V. : Scientific Social Research and Surveys,

Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2000.

2. Goode, William J. and : Methods in Social Research, Surject

Paul K. Hatt Publications, New Delhi, 2006.

3. Gupta, S.P. : Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and

Sons, New Delhi, 2001.

4. Nachmias, David and Chava: Research Methods in the Social

Nachmias Sciences, St. Martin's Press, New York, 1981.

5. Kothari, C.R. : Research Methodology: Methods and

Techniques, New Age International

Publishers, New Delhi, 2008.

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Paper IV Sociology and Police Administration

A Course Objectives

The objective of this course is to bring forth the relevance of sociology to police administration. The students are taught the basics of sociology such as status, role, norms and values and concepts of social conformity, and social change. Further, crowd, Violence, Castism, Communalism and Ethnic Conflicts along with the role of police in dealing with them are also discussed. The important issues of role of women in police, attitude of Police towards women and Police-Society relationship have also been included in the course.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus and to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks (10x2 = 20 marks).

Unit IV

Women in Police: Role and Challenges;

Attitude of Police towards Women: Need for improving gender sensitivity;

Police – Society Relationship.

Essential Readings

1. Bhushan, Vidya and : An Introduction to Sociology, Kitab Mahal,

Sachdeva, D. R. Allahabad, 2004.

2. Giddens, Anthony : Sociology, Polity Press, Cambridge, U.K., 2000.

3. Smelser, Neil J. : Introduction to Sociology, Prentice Hall of India

Pvt. Ltd., 1994.

4. Kuppuswamy, B. : Social Change in India, Konark Publishers Pvt.

Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.

5. Dube, S. C. : Modernization and Development: The Search

for Alternative Paradigms, Vistaar Publications,

New Delhi, 1988.

6. Singh, Yogendra : Social Change in India: Crisis and Resilience,

Har-Anand Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

7. Vadackumchery, James: Police, Women and Gender Justice, APH

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2000.

8. Williams, Christopher R.: Theory, Justice, and Social Change:

and Arrigo, Bruce A. Theoretical Integrations and Critical

Applications, Springer, New York, 2005.

9. Ghosh, Gautam : Police Accountability: At the Cutting Edge

Level, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New

Delhi, 2007.

10. Koenig Samuel

Hooper Rex D. & Gross Feliks

Sociology A Book of Readings, Prentice Hall,

USA, 1956.

Further Readings

1. Cotgrove, Stephen : The Science of Society: An Introduction to

Sociology, Allen and Unwin, 1978.

2. Mandlebaum, David G.: Society in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay,

1996.

3. Moore, W. E. : Social Change, Prentice Hall of India, 1963.

4. Carrabine, Eamonn, et.al.: Criminology: A Sociological

Introduction, Routledge, London, 2005.

5. Mayhall, Pamela D. et.al.: Police-Community Relations and the

Administration of Justice, Prentice-Hall Inc., New Jersey,

1995.

6. Stephens, Mike : Crime and Social Policy: The Police and

Criminal Justice System, The Gildredge Press

Ltd., U.K., 2000.

7. Padhi, N.K : Police and the Weaker Sections, A. P. H.

Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2007.

8. Spitzer, Steven & : Research in Law, Deviance and Social Control, Simon, Rita J. London, England, 1982.

9. Vadackumchery, James: Indian Police and Equal Justice Under Law, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1999.

10. Simons, Ronald L.; : Families, Delinquency, and Crime: Linking Simons, Gordon Leslie; : Society's Most Basic Institution to Antisocial

and Wallace, Lora Ebert Behavior Roxbury Publishing Company,

California, 2004.

D Course Content

Unit I

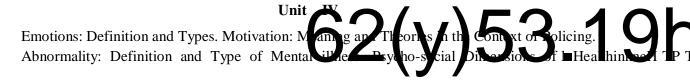
Introduction and Scope of Psychology – Application of Psychology to Police Working. Trait Theories of Personality. Personality Development. Police Personality.

Unit II

Police Sub Culture, Cynicism in Police: Causes and Remedies; Attitudinal Change: Its Need and Theories; Effective Policing and Attitudinal Change.

Unit III

Psychological Aspects of Aggression, Violence and Suicide. Stress: Symptoms and Theories. Stress Among Police Force and Coping Strategies. Mental Health and Well Being – Its Enhancement for Effective Policing.



Semester III

Paper I Law and Police Administration I

A Course Objectives

The course has been designed to impart knowledge to the students on the laws governing the 'prevention and detection of crime' which is laid down as the primary duty in the Indian Police Act 1861, which include the Indian Penal Code 1860, the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973, and the Evidence Act as without the adequate knowledge of these afore-mentioned laws, an academic course on police administration would be insufficient, incomplete and inadequate.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short

Unit II

THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Chapter I Definitions Section 2; Trial of Offences under IPC and Other Laws: Section 4.

Chapter II Constitutions of Criminal Courts and Officers: Sections 6 to 25

Chapter IV Power of Superior Officers of Police and aid to Magistrate and Police: Sections 36

to 40

Chapter V Arrest of Persons: Sections 41 to 60

5. Lal, Rattan and : The Code of Criminal Procedure,

• Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidates shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question from each unit i.e. four questions in all. Each question will carry 15 marks (4x15 = 60 marks).

D Course Content

Unit I

Police Personnel Administration: Meaning, Nature, S

Further Readings

1. Saxena, A.P. : Training and Development in Government,

The Indian Institute of Public Administration,

New Delhi, 1974.

2. Singh, Sahib Bhayana,

Singh, Swinder and Dogra, R.K

Public Personnel and Financial Administration, New Academic. Publishing Corporation, 2012.

3. Ghosh, P. : Personnel Administration in India, Sudha

:

Publications Private Limited, New Delhi, 1973.

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D Course Content

Unit I

Scene of Occurrence - Introduction, Crime Scene People and Things, Locard's Principle of Exchange, Limitations, Inspection and Preservation of the Crime Scene, Recording of Crime Scene, Methodic Search for Evidence, Value of Trace Evidence. Physical Evidence - Handling of Physical Evidence, Packing and Labeling of Evidence, Chain of Evidence, Special Instructions for specific Types of Exhibits.

Unit II

Photography in Police Work, Ultraviolet, Infrared, X - Ray: Importance and Applications. Explosives - Examination of Remains at Scene of Explosion - Introduction, Definition, What is Explosion and Detonation, Types of Ammunition, Home Made Bombs and other Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), Types of Explosive Found at the Scene, Bomb Disposal and Handling of Explosives, Examination of Explosive Residues.

Unit III

Ballistics - Introduction, Forensic Ballistics, Fire Arms and their Classifications, Identifications of Weapon and Cartridge Case, Bullet Identification, Direction of Fire, Time of Fire, Range of Fire, Detection of Residues at the place of Occurrence, Nature of Injuries, Entrance Wound, Exit Wound, Handling Collection and Preservation of Evidence.

Unit IV

8. Parikh, C.K. : Parikh's Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence:

Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2007.

9. James, Stuart H. & :

Nordby, Jon J.

Forensic Science: An Introduction to Scientific

and Investigative Techniques, CRC Press,

Taylor & Francis, London, 2005.

10. Ghosh, S.K. and : Encyclopaedia of Police in India, Volume III

Rustamji, K.F. Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997.

Further Readings

1. Skennerton, Ian : British Service Lee: The Lee-MertforR7 0

Semester IV

Paper I Law and Police Administration II

A Course Objectives

The police system in India has to work within the ambit of legal framework laid down by the Constitution and by the enacted laws. The major responsibility of the police is to ensure the implementation of such laws. This course proposes to provide inputs to the students on various sections of the Indian Penal Code and the need based laws like The Arms Act 1959, The Dowry Prohibition Act, The Public Gambling Act 1967, The Essential Services Maintenance Act 1981, The NDPS Act 1985, The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988, The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988, The Domestic Violence Act, etc. Thus, the course ensures comprehensive study of Indian substantive, procedural and minor Acts, which are relevant for the study of police administration.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

- The maximum marks for the paper will be 100. The question paper will be of 80 marks and internal assessment of 20 marks.
- Time allowed will be 3 hours.
- There shall be 9 questions in all.
- The first question shall be compulsory and be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus and to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks (10x2 = 20 marks).
- Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidates shall have two questions and the candidates shall attempt one question from each unit i.e. four questions in all. Each question will carry 15 marks (4x15 = 60 marks).

D Course Content

Unit I

THE INDIAN PENAL CODE

Offences Affecting the Human Body Sections 99 9 A

- 1. Culpable Homicide (Section 299, 304)
- 2. Murder (Section 300, 302)
- 3. Causing Death by Negligence (Section 304A)

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

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B Pedagogy of the Course Work

80 per cent of the Course Content would be delivered through Lecture Method and rest 20 per cent would comprise of Unit Test, Snap Test, Assignment and its Presentation, Attendance and Class Room Participation.

C Instructions for Paper Setters and Candidates

D Course Content

Unit I

Features of Indian Constitution, Political Systems: Presidential, Parliamentary, Unitary and Federal.

Unit II

Political Executive at the Union Level: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers. Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Composition and Functions. Judiciary: Supreme Court and Judicial Review.

Unit III

Cabinet Secretariat: Structure, Functions and Role. Prime Ministers Office: Structure, Functions and Role.

Unit IV

Centre-State Relations: Legislative, and Administrative Relationship between Political and Permanent Executive with tolete d83(e)18.1(d)-10.4677(.)-5.31915()-5.1(i)(3)5c()-21-10.633.0868(a)-2.8b0

Paper V Private Security Management

A Course Objectives

The objective of this course is to introduce to the students the concept, rationale and challenges of private security. Further, the course intends to trace the evolution of private security in U.K., U.S.A., and India. In addition, the endeavour is to familiarize the candidates with the Private Securities Agencies (Regulations), Act 2005 and Private Securities Agencies Rules of Punjab, Haryana and Delhi. The recruitment, training and service conditions of the private security personnel along with the role of private security in various sectors are also included. The relationship between police and private security and the future prospects of the private security have also been discussed.

B Pedagogy of the Course Work

Unit IV

Role of Central Association of Private Security Industry (CAPSI) in the promotion of Private Security in India. Relationship Between Police and Private Security. Private Security - Future Prospects.

Essential Readings

1. Nemeth, Charles : Private Security and the Law,

Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, U.K., 2005.

2. Fischer, Robert J. and: Introduction to Security,

Green, Gion Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, U.K.,

1998.

3. C9.872ohe,