PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH-160014 (INDIA)

(Estd. under the Panjab University Act VII of 1947—enacted by the Govt. of India)



FACULTY OF ARTS

SYLLABI

FOR

M.A. WOMEN'S STUDIES (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

EXAMINATIONS, 2023-24

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GUIDELINESFORCONTINUOUSINTERNALASSESSMENT(20%)FORREGULARSTUD ENTSOFPOSTGRADUATE COURSESOFM.A. IN WOMEN'S STUDIES (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

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1. The Syndicate has approved the following guidelines, mode of testing and evaluation including Continuous Internal Assessment of students:

(i) TerminalEvaluation : 80%

(ii)

PANJABUNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH

SemesterI

InSemesterI, allthefour papersarecompulsory.

CompulsoryPapers

		Marks
PaperI	- ConceptualisingWomen'sStudies	100
PaperII	- Women's Movement in India	100
PaperIII	- Feminist Theory	100

PaperI:ConceptualisingWomen'sStudies

Objective: The objective of this course is to conscientise the students about some of the keyconcepts in women's studies, apart from their meaning from a feminist and gender perspective with special reference to India.

Time: 3Hours

UnitI FoundationalConcepts:

- SexandGender
- Femininity and Masculinity
- Patriarchy
- Equalityanddifference
- Empowerment

UnitII Construction of Gender: Theories on Construction of Gender

- Biological/Physiological
- Psychological
- Anthropological
- Sociological

UnitIII Genderinthecontextof:

- Family
- Workplace
- Religion
- Language

UnitIV Women's Studies:

- Definition
- Need
- Scope
- Women's Studies in Higher Education
- ChallengestoWomen'sStudies(withspecialreferencetoIndia)

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, the marks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions spread over thewhole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required to attemptany 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. It shall carry 20 marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two questions and the candidate shall attempton equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

EssentialReadings:

Connell, R.W., Gender, Polity, Cambridge, 2002.

Killermann, Sam, A Guide to Gender: The Social Justice Advocate's Handbook, Impetus Books. 2017

Lerner, Gerda, The Creation of Patriarchy,

Gupta, Abhaand Sinha, Smita (eds.) **Empowerment of Women: Language and Other Facets**, Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur, 2005.

Gupta, Parachi, **Religionand Feminism**, ABD Publications, Jaipur, 2007.

Hearn, Jeff, **The Gender of Oppression: Men, Masculinity and the Critique of Marxism**, Wheatsheaf Books, Sussex, 1987.

Judge, P.S., **Mapping Social Exclusion in India: Caste, Religion and Borderlands**, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, 2014.

Khullar, Mala, (ed.), Writingsin Women's Studies: A Reader, Zubaan Publications, New Delhi, 2005.

Lal,Malashri&Kumar,SukritaPaul (eds.),**Women'sStudiesinIndia:ContoursofChange**,IIAS,Shimla,2002.

Madan, T.N., (ed.), **Religionin India**, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.

Mahla, A. and Kataria, S., (eds), **Bharat Mein Mahla Sshaktrikaran**, Malikand Company, Jaipur, 2014.

Misra, R, (ed.), **Rethinking Gender**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2014.

Poynton, Cate, Language and Gender: Making the Difference, OUP, Oxford, 1989.

Rege, Sharmila (ed.), **Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge**, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.

Singh, Subhash Chandru, Gender Violence, Serials Publications, New Delhi, 2011. Spade, Jo

an, The Kaleidoscope of Gender, Sage, Los Angeles, 2008.

Viz,M.,Bhatia,M.andPandey,S.(eds),**WomenStudiesinIndia:AJourneyof25Years**,RawatPublicati ons,Jaipur,2014.

PaperII: Women's Movement in India

Objective: This course aims at enabling the students to comprehend the vibrancy of thewomen's movement in India. It attempts to make the students aware of the Indian woman's journey towards gender equality, vis-àvisher own role as well as that of the women's movement.

Unit I

- Women's Movement as a Social Movement
- Women's Movement in Pre-Independence period in India: With a specialfocus on
 - Women's Issuestakenup by Social Reformers
 - WomenintheSuffrageMovement
 - Women's Participation in the National Movement (with special reference to Women in the Civil Disobedience Movement, Quit India Movement and Women's revolutionary activities.)

Time: 3Hours

UnitII

Women's Movement in Post-Independence periodin India

- a) An overview of women's movement from 1947 to present (with a focus onideologicalbasis)
- b)
- EnvironmentalMovements-Chipkomovement,NarmadaBachaoAndolan
- ControversyaroundUniformCivilCodeanditsImpacton Women'sMovement
- c) Dalit Women's Movement

UnitIII

Women's Movements in India:

- Movementsagainst:

Dowry

Rape

Sati

- AutonomousWomen'sMovement(withspecialfocusontheconferenc esoftheAutonomousWomen's Movement)

UnitIV

ContemporaryIssuestakenupbyWomen'sMovementinIndia:

- Trafficking inwomen
- HonourKillingsandKhapPanchayats
- Fundamentalism/Casteism
- Violenceagainst women
- WomeninArmedConflict

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

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EssentialReadings:

Basu, Aparna, *The Role ofWomen in the Indian Struggle for Freedom* in B.R.Nanda (ed.), **IndianWomen:From PurdahtoModernity**, NehruMemorial Museum and Library and Vikas/Radiant Publications, New Delhi, 1990.

Desai, Neera, **ADecadeofWomen's Movement in India**, Meena Pandev, Bombay, 1988.

Gandhi, Nanditaand Shah, Nandita, **The Issues at Stake: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India**, Kali, New Delhi, 1992.

Goonesekere, Savitri (ed.), Violence, Law and Women's Rights in South Asia, Sage, NewDelhi, 2004.

Khullar, Mala, (ed.), **Writings in Women's Studies: A Reader**, Zubaan Publications, NewDelhi, 2005.

Kuumba, M. Bahati, Gender and Social Movements, Rawat Publications, New Delhi,

2003.Mazumdar, Vina, **PeasantWomenOrganiseforEmpowerment: TheBankuraExperiment**, CWDS, NewDelhi, 1989(OccasionalPapers).

Mishra, Anupam and Tripathi, Satyendra, Chipko Movement: Uttarakhand Women's Bid toSaveForestWealth,RadhakrishnaforPeople'sAction,New Delhi,1978.

Mohanti, Bedabati, ,Ka2(s)-1(hn04 Tdd)-0

Further Readings:

Arya, Sadhna, Women, GenderEquality and the State, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi, 2000.

Banaszak, Lee Ann, The Women's Movement Inside and Outside the State, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge New York, 2010

Chat topadyayay, Kamala Devi, Indian Women's Battle for Freedom, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1990.

Chavan, Nandini, and Kidwai, Qutub Jahan, Personal Law Reforms and

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, the marks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

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FurtherReadings:

Banks, Olive, **Faces of Feminism: A Study of Feminism as a Social Movement**, St. Martin's Press, New York, 1981.

Bowden, Petaand Hummery, Jane, **Understanding Feminism**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2012.

Eisenstein, Zillah, Capitalist Patriarchyandthecase for Socialist Feminism, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1979.

Essed, Philomena et al (eds.), A Companion to Gender Studies, Blackwell Pub., Oxford,

2005. Freeman, Jo,(ed.), **Women: A Feminist Perspective**, Palo Alto, California: Mayfield, 1975.

Harish, Ranjana and Harishankar, V. Bharathi, (ed.), **Redefining Feminisms**, Rawat Publications, 2008.

Kosambi, Meera, Crossing Thresholds: Feminist Essays in Social History, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2007.

Krishnaraj, Maithreyi (ed.), **Feminist Concepts: Part 1, 2, and 3, Contribution to Women's Studies Series**-7, Research Centre for Women's Studies, SNDT Women's University, Bombay,1990.

Mishra, Binod, (ed.), Critical Responses to Feminism, Sapru & Sons, New Delhi, 2006. Price, Lis

a S., Feminist Frameworks, Aakar Pub., New Delhi, 2009.

Shukla, Bhaskar A., **Feminism: From Mary Wollstone craft to Betty Friedan**, Sapruand Sons, New Delhi, 2007.

Spender, Dale, Feminism Theorists: Three Centuries of Women's Intellectual Traditions, The Women's Press, London, 1982.

Tong, Rosemarie, **Feminist Thought: A Comprehensive Introduction**, Westview Press, San Francisc 0,1989.

PaperIV:BasicsofSocialResearch

Objective: This course aims at providing the students with a firm grounding in researchmethodology through a comprehensive understanding of the concepts as well as the tools and techniques employed in research in social sciences in general and women's studies in particular. The students shall also be familiarized with the basic statistical concepts used in social research

UnitI BasicofSocialResearch:

- Meaning, Pureand Applied Research, Ethics in Research
- ScientificMethod:Definition,Objectives,ApplicationtoSocialSciences,IssuesofSubjectivity-Objectivity

Time: 3Hours

- ConceptualFoundations:ConceptsandConstructs,FactandTheory;Hypothesis:Features, Types;Induction&Deduction
- Ethics in Research

UnitII ProcessofResearch

- StepsofResearch&FormulationofResearchProblem
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Semester -II

All the four papers are Compulsory

PaperI	-	Feminism: AnIndianPerspective	Marks 100
PaperII	-	EmergingTrends inFeministResearchMethodology	100
PaperIII	-	UnitedNationsandWomen'sIssues	100
PaperIV	-	OptionalPaper	
		(i) FieldProject	
		OR	100
		(ii)WomenandEnvironment	

NOTE:

• IneachofthePapers,thecandidatewillbeassessedfor80marksonthebasisofawrittenexa minationandfor20 marksonthe basisofinternalassessment

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions spread over thewhole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required toattemptany 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. Itshall carry 20marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two questions and the candidate shall attempton equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

Essential Readings:

Altekar, A.S., **The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization**, Motilal, Banarsidass, Delhi, 1959.

 $Das, R.M., \textbf{WomeninManu'sPhilosophy}, ABSPub., Jalandh 2(n) - 4(gs 2.00195(n) - 4y 37.76 - 14.03 Tm \ \textbf{[D)} 2(a) 4(-13.03 Tm \ \textbf{[D)} 2(a) 4(-13$

Bazaz, PremNath, **Daughterofthe Vitasta: A Historyof Kashmiri Women from Early Timestothe Present Day**, Gulshan Pub., Srinagar, 2003.

Chaturvedi, Archna (ed.), **Muslim Women: from Tradition to Modernity**, Commonwealth, New Delhi, 2004.

Geeta, V., Patriarchy (Theorising Feminism), Stree, Kolkatta, 2007.

Jain, J., Nariwad keDeshadAadhar, RawatPublication, Jaipur, 2014.

Jain, Jasbir, Womenin Patriarchy: Cross Cultural Readings, Rawat, Jaipur, 2005.

Jayawardane, Kumari, FeminismandNationalismintheThirdWorld, The Institute of Social Studies, The Hague, Netherlands, 1987.

Omvedt, Gail, Dalits and the Democratic Revolution, Sage, New Delhi, 1994.

Omvedt, Gail,

PaperII: Emerging TrendsinFeministResearchMethodology Time: 3Hours

Objective:

Attempt any 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. Itshall carry 20marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall havetwoquestions and the candidates hall attempt on equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

EssentialReadings:

Creswell, John W., **Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Method Approaches**, Sage, N. Delhi, 2009.

Boynton, Petra M., Research Companion: APractical Guide for

PaperIII: United NationsandWomen'sIssues

Objective: This course aims to conscientise the students about the efforts made at the level of theUnited Nations for securing the empowerment and development of women. It further seeks tomake the students aware of the international instruments which seek to protect and promote therightsofwomen.

UnitI UnitedNations:

- Charter.
- StructureoftheUnitedNations.
- OrgansandSpecialisedAgenciesworkingonWomen'sIssues(Economicand SocialCouncil,CSW,UNWomen,UNESCAP,UNDP).

Time:3Hours

UnitII UNConferencesonWomen:

- Mexico
- Copenhagen
- Nairobi
- Beijingandfollowup (including Beijing + 25)

UnitIII OtherWorld/UNConferences with a Focus on Women's Issues:

- UNConferenceonEnvironmentandDevelopment
- ViennaConferenceonHumanRights
- InternationalConferenceonPopulationand Development
- WorldSummitonSocialDevelopment

UnitIV Conventions and Treaties with a special focus on women:

- a. Conventiononthe PoliticalRightsofWomen,
 - Conventiononthe Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women,
 - DeclarationontheEliminationofViolenceAgainstWomen,
- b. Millennium Development Goals: Critical Analysis from Gender Perspective
- c. SustainableDevelopmentGoals (with a special Focus on Women/ Gender concerns within all 17 Goals)

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, the marks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidat

PaperIV:Option(i)Field Project

Objective: Women's studies cannot be limited to the classroom. The students can be aware of the realities only if they go into the field and interact with society and the people. Further, the students must be trained not only in the theoretical aspects of research methodology, but in the practical aspects through actually carrying out a small field based study. It is with this objective that a compulsory paper on project work has been conceived.

The students will be required to take up a small empirical study in which they will be required to submit a written report of about 40-50 typed pages.

The framework of the Report shall be as follows:

- TitlePagecontainingnameofproject,nameofcandidateandnameofsupervisor
- Tableofcontents
- $\hbox{\Large Introductory } Chapter consisting of statement of the problem, review of literature (minimum of 7 books/articles), Research Questions/hypothesis, Objectives and Methodology$
- 2-3mainchapters
- •

- UNClimateChangeConferences
- Role of women in Environmental conservation

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment,themarkssecuredbytheminthetheorypaperwillproportionatelybei ncreasedtomaximummarks of thepaperinlieuof internalassessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions

Sustainability, Ohio University Press, 2020

UN Women, **Women and The Environment: An Asia Pacific Snapshot**, https://data.unwomen.org/sites/default/files/documents/Publications/APRO Women-environment-snapshot.pdf

UN, (2022), Dimensions and examples of the gender-differentiated impacts of climate change, the role of women as agents of change and opportunities for women. Synthesis report by the secretariat, https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/sbi2022 07.pdf

FurtherReadings:

Braidotti, Rosi, Women, the Environment and Sustainable Development: Towards a Theoretical Synthesis, Zed Books, London, 1994.

Dankelman, Ireneand Davidson, Joan, **Women and Environment in the third World: Alliance for the future**, Earthscan, London, 1988.

Kapur, Promilla (ed.), **Empowering Indian Women**, Publication Division, Government of India, New Delhi, 2000.

Kumar, S.B., Environmental Problems & Gandhian Solutions, Deep & Deep Publications Private Limited, N. Delhi, 2002.

Mallik, Seema, **Women, Panchayats and Natural Resource Management: The Role of PRIsin Nayagarh District of Orissa**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2011.

Markandey, Simhadri and Simhadri, S. Globalization, Environment and HumanDevelopment, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2011.

Mehta, Pradeep K. and Cronin, Aidan A., **Gender Issues in Water and Sanitation Programmes: Lessons from India**, Sage Publications, N. Delhi, 2015.

Monga, G.S., **EnvironmentandDevelopment**, Deep & Deep Publications Private Limited, N. Delhi, 200 1.

Pattanaik, Chandra Mohan, **Human Rights, Gender and Environment**, Swastik Publications, N. Delhi, 2013.

Radha, S., Sankhyan, Amar Singh, **Environmental Challenges of 21** st Century, Deep & Deep Publications Private Limited, N. Delhi, 2002.

Ramaswamy, S. and Kumar, G. Sathis, **Environmental Sustainability: Approaches and Policyoptions**, Regal Publications, New Delhi, 2010.

Rodda, Annabel, Women and the environment, Zed Books, London, 1991.

Sontheimer, Sally Ann, Women and the Environment: A reader, Earthscan, London,

1991. United Nations Environment Programme, One Planet, Many People, 2005.

UnitedNationsEnvironmentProgramme,PlanetinPeril,2006.

Vernooy, Ronnie (ed.), Social and Gender Analysis in Natural resource Management,: Learning Studies and Lessons from Sage, New Delhi, 2006.

Warren, Karen J., **Ecofeminism**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2014.

SemesterIII In this Semester, there are three Compulsory papers and oneOptionalpaper.

CompulsoryPapers Marks

PaperI: WomenandLaw -I

Objective: The aim of this course is to develop the students understanding of the Constitutional rights and also provide an analysis of the various laws particularly impacting women

Time: 3Hours

India. The emphasis of the course is on critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective a support of the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from a feminist perspective and the course is one critically examining the existing laws from the course is one critically examining the existing laws from the course is one critically examined and the course is one critically examined and the critical example and thetheissuesraisedbythewomen's movement in India ndtheloopholesthereinandalsotostudy regardingtheselegislations.

UnitI (a) LawasanagentforsocialTransformation,

- The Constitution of India and the Gender Question (b) FundamentalRightsand FundamentalDuties

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

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EssentialReadings:

Aggarwal, Nomita, WomenandLawinIndia, NewCenturyPublication, Delhi, 2002.

Anand, A.S., **Justice for Women: Concepts and Experience**, Universal Law Pub., New Delhi, 2002.

Bakshi, P.M., **ConstitutionofIndia**, UniversalLawPub., NewDelhi, 15th ed, 2018.

Ramachandran, V. and Jandhyala, K., Cartographies of Empowerment: AMahila Samakhyan Story Zubaan, New Delhi, 2012

Reddy, VN arayana et al (eds.), Women in Development: Challenges and Achievements, Serials Pub., Delhi, 2005.

Rout, H.S., **HumanDevelopment**, A.P.H.Pub., NewDelhi, 2009.

Sen, A., Development As Freedom, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2014.

Singh, D.P., Women Workersin Unorganised Sector, Deepand Deep, New Delhi, 2005.

Singh, Gopal, et al (eds.) **Economic Empowerment of Rural Women in India,** RBSA Pub., Jaipur, 2003.

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PaperIII: WomenandHumanRights in India

Objective: The purpose of the course is to develop the students understanding of human rights ingeneral and women's human rights in particular. It seeks to expand the students understanding ofinternational human rights laws and their application in the national context. The programme ofstudy places emphasis onincreasingunderstanding of thescopeandlimits of internationalhumanrightslaw principles and institutions from a gender perspective.

UnitI **Human Rights:**

- a) Concept, Typologyand Evolution of Human Rights
- b) Women's human rights:Historical Background, Need and Principles ofWomen's HumanRights

Time: 3Hours

- c) Three generations of Humanrights
- d) An overview of International efforts for promoting Women's human rights
- e) Feminist Critique of the Rights Discourse

UnitII Women's Human Rights in India

- ConstitutionalProvisions and their implementation and enforcement for women
- RoleofNationalHumanRightsCommissionofIndia,
- National Commission for Women (NCW).
- National Commission for the ChildRights.

UnitIII EmergingIssuesin Women's Human Rights: I

- Impact of ViolenceAgainstWomenonwomen'shumanrights
- Women's rights in conflict situations
- Violence of Development and Women's Human Rights
- Domestic Violence as Violation of Women's Human Rights
- Sexual Harassment at Workplace

UnitIV EmergingIssuesin Women's Human Rights: II

- Human Rights of Women in Informal Sector
- ReproductiveRights
- MigrantWomen'sRights
- CollectiveRights
- Impact of Poverty and Illiteracy on Women's Human Rights

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

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Khan, Sabira, Human Rightsin India: Protection and Violation, Devika Pub., Delhi, 2004.

Krishna, Sumi, **Women's Livelihood Rights: Recasting Citizenship for Development**, Sage, New Delhi, 2007.

Narayan, R.S., **AdvancingWomenandHumanRights**, Indian Pub., Delhi, 2007.

Poonacha, Veena, **Genderwithinthe Human Rights Discourse**, Research Centre for Women's Studies, SNDTWomen's University, Bombay, 1995.

Sagade, J., ChildMarriageinIndia:Socio-LegalandHumanRightsDimensions,OxfordUniversityPress,NewDelhi,2012.

Sinha, M.K., Implementations of Basic Human Rights, Lexis Nexis, Gurgaon, 2013.

Subramaniam, A., Shorelines: Spaceand Rightsin South Asia, Yoda Press, New Delhi, 2013.

Tiwari, R.K., Introduction to Human Rights, Neeraj Publishing House, Delhi, 2011.

PaperIV:OptionalPaper

Option(i):WomenandManagement

Objective: This course has been developed to address the needs of students in management rolesor students who aspire to become managers. The course will introduce core skills such as projectmanagement, strategic management, financial management and human resource management. It will critically investigate the barriers to women achieving their full potential in management andhow these may be overcome. By offering a broad-based education in management skills andhelping to think critically and communicate effectively in a variety of contexts, the course will provide the key elements which employers look for in their managers and will therefore enhancecareer prospects, particularly within the public sector.

UnitI PrinciplesandModelsofManagement:

- Principles of management
- Women and Models of Management: Gender centric approach, Organisational structure approach. Gender Organisation System

Time: 3Hours

- ProcessofWomenenteringManagement
- Global overview of women in Management

UnitII WomenasManagers

- Factors impactinge mergenceof Womenas Managers
- Barriers for women managers; Role Conflict, Glass Ceiling
- Synergyamongwomenandmenmanagers for Business.
- Effectivenessofwomenmanagers
- OccupationalGendersegregationinwork

UnitIII ManagerialSkillsofWomen:

- ProjectDesignandManagement and Challenges for Women
- Monitoringandevaluation
- Women and Financial Management Skills- Gender Gap, Importance

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

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- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, the marks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

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EssentialReadings:

Adler, Nancy, J. and Dafna, N, Izraell, (eds.), **Women in Management Worldwide**, M. F. Sharpe Inc, New York, 1989.

Boorstin, Julia, When Women Lead: What They Achieve, Why They Succeed and What we Can Learn from Them, Avid Reader, 2022

Breaking through the Glass Ceiling: Women in Management, ILO, Geneva, update

2004. Cooper, Cary, L. and Davidson, Marilyn, Womenin Management, Heinemann, 1984.

Henning, M., and Jar dim, A., The Managerial Women, Pan Books, London,

1977.Powell, GaryN, **WomenandMeninManagement**,SagePublication, NewDelhi, 3rd ed, 2003.

Veira, Elisabete S, **Perspectives on Women in Management and the Global Labour Market**, 2023

FurtherReadings:

Davidson, M. T and Cooper, C. L, **Stress and the Women Manager**, Martin Robertson, Oxford, 1983.

Dwivedi, O.P., Managing Development in a Global Context, Palgrave, Hampshire, 2007.

Gordon, F., and Strober, M, (eds.), **Bringing Women into Management**, McGraw-Hill, NewYork,1975.

Tewari, H.C., Understanding Personality and Motives of Women Managers,

PaperIV-Option(ii): WomenandEntrepreneurship

Objective: This course has been developed to enhance the understanding of the students regarding women's role in entrepreneurship with a focus on Indian women. The course will introduce core skills such as project formulation, funding as well as policies and programmes for entrepreneurship development and also critically investigate the motivations as well as the barriers encountered by women as piring to be successful entrepreneurs.

Unit I:Entrepreneurship:

- Entrepreneur:Concept,Characteristicsand Types;
- DifferentiationbetweenManager,EntrepreneurandIntrapreneur;
- TheoriesofEntrepreneurship: Innovation Theory of Schumpeter; Need for Achievement Theory by MClelland; Risk Bearing Theory by Knight; Theory of Entrepreneural Growth by Max Weber; Theory of Entrepreneurship by Hagen.

Time: 3Hours

- Factors influencinggrowthofentrepreneurship.

Unit II:WomenEntrepreneurs:

- Status of Women EntrepreneursinIndia,
- MotivatingFactors,
- Internal and External barriers,
- Role conflict and Work perception,
- Casestudies of Successful Women Entrepreneurs: Aditi Gupta, Chitra GurnamiDaga; Falguni NayarNykaa

Unit III: Social Entrepreneurship

- Definition
- Characteristics
- Difference between Social and Business Entrepreneurship
- Challenges in Social Entrepreneurship
- Growth of social Entrepreneurship in India
- Women and social Entrepreneurship

Unit IV:GovernmentPoliciesandProgrammesforWomenEntrepreneurs:

- EntrepreneurshipDevelopmentProgramme:ConceptofEDP,Rationale,Components, Agencies, EDP for Women and its effectiveness
- Micro-credit and Micro-finance for Women's empowermen, funding Agencies
- NationalInstituteofEntrepreneurshipandSmallBusinessDevelopment(NIESBD),
- ProjectManagement:Features,Projectidentification,FormulationandAppraisal,FundingandMarketing.

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternal assessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, the marks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions spread over thewhole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required toattemptany 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. Itshall carry 20marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two questions and the candidate shall attempton equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

EssentialReadings:

Barua, Nayan and Borkakoty, Aparajeeta, Women Entrepreneurship, APH Pub. Corp., New Delhi, 2005, and the property of the

Mohal, S. and Elangovan, R., (ed.), **Current Trends in Entrepreneurship**, Deepand Deep, New Delhi, 2006.

Opportunities for Women Entre preneurship (with Project Profiles), National Institute of Industrial Research, Delhi, 2005.

TowardsEquality: Report of the Committee on Status of Women in India, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare, 1974.

Guelich, Ulrich, et al, Women's Entrepreneurship and Culture, Edward Elgar Publishing 2021

FurtherReadings:

Bamshali, S. G, Entrepreneurship Development, Himalayan Publishing House, New Delhi,1987.

Desai, Vasant, Management of a Small Scale Industry, Himalaya Publishing House, 1982.

Developing New Entrepreneurs, Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India, Ahmedabad, 1987.

Gupta, C.B., Entrepreneurial Development, Sultan Chandand Sons, New Delhi, 1992.

Finney, S., Ruth, **Towards a Topology of Women Entrepreneurs: Their Business VentureandFamily**, East West Centre, East West Technology and Development Institute, Hawaii, 197

Krishanaraj, Maitreyi, **Towards Self- Reliance for Women: Some Urban Models,** PopularPrakashan,Bombay,1990.

KrishanarahMatreyi, Women and Development: The Indian Experience, Subhada

Ng, Cecilia and Mitter, Swasti, (eds.) **Gender and the Digital Economy: Perspective from theDevelopingWorld**, Sage, New Delhi, 2005.

Rosser, SueV.(ed.) Women, Scienceand Myth, ABC-CLIOInc, California, 2008.

Suriya, M. and Balakrishnan, Gender Perspectives in Computing: An anthology, Kalpaz Publications, Delhi, 2012.

Schiebinger, Lenda, Has Feminism Changed Science? Harvard University Press, 1999.

Sonnert, Gerhard and Holton, Gerald, Who Succeeds in Science? The Gender Dimension, Rutgers, New Jersey, 1995.

Steinber, Deborah Lynn,

CompulsoryPapers

PaperI: WomenandPolitics Time:3Hours

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment,themarkssecuredbytheminthetheorypaperwillproportionatelybei ncreasedtomaximummarks of thepaperinlieuof internalassessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions spread over thewhole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required toattemptany 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. Itshall carry 20marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two questions and the candidate shall attempton equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

EssentialReadings:

AbhilashaKumariandSabinaKidwai,CrossingtheSacredLine,Women'sSearchforPoliticalPower,OrientLongman,NewDelhi,1998.

Agnew, Vijay, EliteWomeninIndianPolitics, VikasPublishingHouse, NewDelhi, 1997.

Catherine, A. Mackinnon, Towards a Feminist Theory of the State, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, 1989.

Chopra, J.K., WomenintheIndianParliament,MittalPublication, NewDelhi, 1993.

Chowdhury, Najma and Nelson, Barbara. J., *Redefining Polities: Patterns of Women's PoliticalEngagement from a Global Perspective* in Nelson and Chowdhury (eds.), **Women and PoliticsWorldwide**, Yale UniversityPress,NewHavenandLondon,1994.

Forbes, Geraldine, Indian Women and the Freedom Movement: A Historian's Perspective, RCWS Gender Series, Gender and Politics: Book 2, Research Centre for Women's Studies, SNDTWomen's Studies, Mumbai, 1997.

Gill, Rajesh, **Empowering Women through Panchayats- Stories of Success and StrugglefromIndia**, *ManandDevelopment*, Vol.XXVIII, No.4, December 2006, 83-104.

Hettige, Siri, Governance, Conflict and Development in South Asia, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2015

Kirkpatrick, Jeane, Political Women, Basic Books, New York, 1974.

Mazumdar, Vina (ed.), **Symbols of Power: Studies on the Political Status of Women in India**, Allied, New Delhi, 1979.

Rai, Shirin M,

PaperII: WomenandLaw-II

Objective: The aim of this course is to develop the students understanding of the Constitutional rights and also provide an analysis of the various laws particularly impacting women in India. The emphasis of the course will be on critically examining the existing laws from a feministperspective and the loop holes therein and also to study the issues raised by the women's movement in India regarding the selegislations.

Time:3Hours

UnitI CrimeagainstWomen and LawinIndia:

- (i) RapeLaws(referenceto Sec.375IPC)asamendedin2013
- (ii) DowryProhibition Act,1961(asamendedin1984 and1986)
- (iii) Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005
- (iv) MedicalTerminationofPregnancyAct,1971
- (v) Pre-ConceptionandPre-NatalDiagnosticTechniques(RegulationandPrevention)Act,1994asam endedin2004

UnitII A. ProvisionsforWomenunderLabourLaws:

- (i) Equal Remuneration Act,
- (ii) 1976MaternityBenefitAct,196

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- (iii) FactoriesAct,1948
- (iv) MinesAct,1952
- **B.** SexualHarassmentofWomenatWorkplace (Prevention,ProhibitionandRedressal)Act, 2013

UnitIII SpecialRightsofWomen:

A. Kindsofoffences

Awarenessregardingaccesstolegalandjudicialmachinery:Rightsatt

hetime offilingFIR

RightsinpolicestationsR

ightsincustody

Rightsatthetime of arrest

- B. PublicInterestLitigation
- C. LegalAidfor WomeninIndia
- D. FamilyCourts

UnitIV ABriefDiscussion onContemporaryIssuesandLegalProvisions

- Traffickinginwomen
- Cybercrimesandlegalprovisionwithspecialreferencetowomen
- NRIMarriages

(Note:Theemphasisofthecoursewillbeon critically examining the existing laws from the feminist perspective and loopholes therein.)

Kishwar, Madhu, **Zealous Reformers**, **Deadly Laws**, Sage, New Delhi, 2008. Mathew

,P.D., The Lawon Rape, Legal Education II, New Delhi, 1985.

Mishra, Preeti, **Domestic Violence against Women: Legal Controland Judicial Response**, Deepand Deep, New Delhi, 2006.

Rattan, Jyoti, Women and Law, Bharat Law House, 2021

Sathe, S.P., Transgressing Borders and Enforcing Limits, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.

Shams, Shamusuddin, Women, Lawand Social Change, Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1991.

Shenoy, M., **Domestic Violence: Issues and Perspectives**, Aavishkar Pub., Jaipur,

2007. Special Issue on Sati, **Seminar**, 1987.

SwapnaMukhopadhyay, Inthe Name of Justice: Women and Lawin Society, Manohar, New Delhi, 199

T,Brettel,Dawson,(ed.),Women,LawandSocialChange:CoreReadingandCurrentIssues,2nd ed.,ON,Captus Press,NewYork,1990.

Optional Papers

Option(i):WomenandWork

Objective: This course examines the entire concept of work, both paid and unpaid, changingnature and patterns of women's work, and the value of women's work to society, with a specialfocus on India. A central concern of the course is the problems encountered by women workers and the effortmade at various levels for women's inclusion in the labour force as well as alleviating their problems.

Time: 3Hours

UnitI: Work:

- Changing definitions of work including concept of Housework
- Determinantsoflabourforceentry
- Gender relatedchoicesofworkandGenderStereotypes
- Marginalisation of Women in Production

ProcessUnitII: Womenworkers bysectorinIndia:

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- •
- •

UnitIII: **ProblemsofWomenworkers:**

- Wagedifferentials
- Roleconflict
- LackofTraining/Skills
- Harassmentatworkplace
- Genderbias inrecruitment
- Impact of liberalization, privatization and globalization on women workersin organised and unorganised sector, including the impact of technological change on women
- Womenworkers and Feminization of poverty
- Glassceilingeffect

Unit IV:

- CriticalevaluationofGovernmentPoliciesandprogrammesforWomenWorkersi nIndia
- TradeUnionsand IssuesofWomenworkers
- IssuesofWomenagriculturallabourersandPeasantOrganisations
- Impact of Covid 19 Pandemic on Women's Work

INSTRUCTIONSFORPAPERSETTERSANDTHECANDIDATES

- (i) Therewillbe80marksforthetheorypaperand 20marksforinternalassessment.
- (ii) For improvement and reappear candidates, who have not been assessed earlier forinternalassessment, themarks secured by the minthetheory paper will proportionately bein creased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

Thepapersettermustputnote(ii) inthequestion paper.

There shall be 9 questions in all, out of which the candidate shall attempt 5 questions. First question shall be Short Answer type containing 15 short questions spread over thewhole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words. The candidate is required toattemptany 10 shortanswer type questions of 2 marks each. Itshall carry 20marks and shall be compulsory. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two questions and the candidate shall attempton equestion from each Unit-4 in all.

EssentialReadings:

Banerjee, Nirmala, **Women Workers in the Unorganised Sector**, Sangam Books, Hyderabad, 1985.

Ferguson, Susan, **Women and Work: Feminism, Labour and Social Reproduction**, Pluto Press, London, 2020

Mazumdar, Vina, Women, Work and Employment: Struggle for a Policy, ICSSR, New Delhi, 1983.

Powell, Gary N., (ed.) **Handbook of Gender and Work,** Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1996. **Report on Gender and Poverty in India**, World Bank, Washington D.C.,

1995. Sarkar, Sidhartha, **Gender, Workand Poverty**, Serials Pub., New Delhi, 2007.

Soni, Balbir, **Empowermentof Women Workers: The Unorganised Sector**, Dominant Pub., New Delhi, 2007.

Swaminathan, Madura, et al, Women and Work in Rural India, August 2020

FurtherReadings:

Chaudhary, Reena, **Sexual Harassment: Threat to Working Women**, Deepand Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.

Dash, Gyanindra, Rural Employment and Economic Development, Regal, Delhi, 2009.

Delant, Jacqueline, Genderinthe Work Place: A Case Study Approach, Sage, New Delhi, 1999.

Ganesamurthy, V.S., Women in the Indian Economy, New Century, New Delhi,

2008. Mitra, Savara, **Changing Trends in Women's Employment**, Himalaya, New Delhi, 1986.

Rajput, Pam and Swarup, H.L., (ed.), **Women and Globalization**, Ashish Publications, New Delhi, 1994.

Rao, S.V.Ramani, Women at Work in India, Vol. 2, Sage Publications, New Delhi,

1994.Reskin, B., & Padavic, I., Women and Menat Work, PineForgePress, ThousandOaks, 1994.

Sahai, Sumitaand Srivastava, M. (ed.), Globalization and Gender, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2011.

Singh, M. Andreaand Kelles, Anita (ed.), **Invisible Hands—Women in Home Based Production**, Sage, New Delhi, 1987.

Singh, D.P., **Women Workers in Unorganised Sector**, Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.

Yadav, Ravi Prakash, Kumar, Chandradeepand Barsa, **Women Workersin India**, New Century Publications, New Delhi, 2012.

Option(ii):Womenand Health

Objective: This course will introduce students to gender as a theoretical concept and a category of analysis in Public health — that is, the way gender has contributed to differentially structuring women and men's experiences of health. The course aimsto answers uch questions as:

- Howhasgenderinfluencedtheconstruction of Publichealth indiverses ocieties?
- How do our social frameworks and structures, such as gender, affect people's experiencesandexpectations ofhealth?

UnitI ConceptualisingHealth:

• Definition: Health. Public Health and Women's Health

Time: 3Hours

- Determinants of Women's Health
- Healthasahumanright ofwomen
- Statusofwomen'shealthinIndia

UnitII CriticalIssuesinWomen'shealth:

- SexualandReproductivehealth(includingHIVandSTD's)
- Mentalhealth
- Occupationalhealth
- Environmentalhealth
- Familyplanning
- Impactofviolenceonwomen'shealth
- Eating Disorders

UnitIII HealthCarePoliciesandServices:

• Gender Inequalities in access to health care services

FurtherReadings:

Hirway, Indira, DenialofMaternityBenefitstoWomenWorkers, Oxford, NewDelhi,

1986. Koenig, Michael A., **Reproductive Healthin India**, Rawat, Jaipur, 2008

Kumar, Ram, **Women, Health, Development and Administration**, Deep and Deep, New Delhi, 1990.

Mahadevan, K. Women and Population Dynamics, Sage, New Delhi, 1989.

Naidu, Usha, and Parasuraman, S., **Health Situation of Youthin India**, TISS, Bombay, 1982.

Pujari, Premlataand Kaushik, Vijay Kumari, **Health Systems for Women's Development**, Vol. 2, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1994.

Sinha, Archana, **Reproductive Rights and Women Empowerment**, Mahaveer and Sons, New Delhi, 2009.

WHO, WHO,

sensitivity and gender responsiveness at the workplace; access to decision-making/decision-making power in framing content and other workplace policies.

• Case studies of award-winning women journalists, editors, film makers, producers, social media influencers et al from the media industry.

<u>Unit III:</u> Reception and effects of Media and ICT usage

• Media as a negating force: endorser of stereotypes and bias; yellow journalism; self-objectification and appearance anxiety; unattainable ideals of fe

- Concludingchapterpresentingtheconclusionsarrivedatfromthestudy
- SelectBibliography
- Annexure.

NoteforEvaluation: The candidate will be assessed for 150 marks on the basis of the writt enreport and for 50 marks on the basis of a viva voce examination.

The written Project Report submitted by the students shall be **evaluated by one faculty member nominated by the Academic Committee** in consultation with the supervisor.

A viva-voce for 50 marks shall be conducted by a **Board of Examiners** whichshallinclude:

- ThefacultymembernominatedbytheAcademicCommittee,
- Chairperson,
- Supervisor/s.

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